118TH CONGRESS	\mathbf{C}	
2D Session		
		

To require the Science and Technology Directorate in the Department of Homeland Security to develop greater capacity to detect, identify, and disrupt illicit substances in very low concentrations.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Cornyn	introduced the	following bill;	which was	s read t	twice a	and 1	referred
	to the Comm	ittee on					

A BILL

- To require the Science and Technology Directorate in the Department of Homeland Security to develop greater capacity to detect, identify, and disrupt illicit substances in very low concentrations.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLES.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Detection Equipment
 - 5 and Technology Evaluation to Counter the Threat of
 - 6 Fentanyl and Xylazine Act of 2024" or the "DETECT
 - 7 Fentanyl and Xylazine Act of 2024".

1	SEC. 2. ENHANCING THE CAPACITY TO DETECT, IDENTIFY,
2	AND DISRUPT DRUGS SUCH AS FENTANYL
3	AND XYLAZINE.
4	Section 302 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
5	(6 U.S.C. 182) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (13), by striking "and" at the
7	end;
8	(2) in paragraph (14), by striking the period at
9	the end and inserting "; and; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(15) carrying out research, development, test-
12	ing, evaluation, and cost-benefit analyses to improve
13	the safety, effectiveness, and efficiency of equipment
14	and reference libraries for use by Federal, State,
15	local, and Tribal law enforcement agencies for the
16	accurate detection of drugs or the disruption of drug
17	trafficking for drugs such as fentanyl and xylazine,
18	including, but not limited to—
19	"(A) portable equipment that can detect
20	and identify drugs with minimal or no handling
21	of the sample;
22	"(B) equipment that can separate complex
23	mixtures containing low concentrations of drugs
24	and high concentrations of cutting agents into
25	their component parts to enable signature ex-

1	traction for field identification and detection
2	and
3	"(C) technologies that use machine learn-
4	ing or artificial intelligence (as defined in sec
5	tion 5002 of the National Artificial Intelligence
6	Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401)) and
7	other techniques to predict whether the sub-
8	stances in a sample are controlled substance
9	analogues or other new psychoactive substances
10	not yet included in available reference librar
11	ies.".
12	SEC. 3. REQUIREMENTS.
13	In carrying out section 302(15) of the Homeland Se
14	curity Act of 2002, as added by section 2, the Under Sec
15	retary for Science and Technology shall—
16	(1) follow the recommendations, guidelines, and
17	best practices described in the Artificial Intelligence
18	Risk Management Framework (NIST AI 100–1) or
19	any successor document published by the Nationa
20	Institute of Standards and Technology; and
21	(2) establish the Directorate of Science and
22	Technology's research, development, testing, evalua-
23	tion, and cost-benefit analysis priorities under such
24	section 302(15) based on the latest available infor-
25	mation, including the latest State and Territory Re-

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1 port on Enduring and Emerging Threats published

2 by the Drug Enforcement Administration or any

3 successor document.